



PURPOSE

To promote interprofessional collaboration learning between biomedical and engineering (BME) students and medical learners that is **critical** to the design, development, use, and commercialization of safe and effective medical equipment.

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Course Timeline: 13 sessions in Fall 2015/Winter 2016 Semesters **Participant Demographics:**

Engineering Students	Total number of participants (N = 50)	Medical Learners
Undergraduate-Level	33	Medical Student
Graduate-Level	17	Medical Residents

Session Setup (Figure 1-3):

4-5 BME students 4-8 Medical Learners Faculty Member to facilitate session

- 1. Hands-on simulation of the use of two devices from the MDS device exercises list (Figure 1)
- 2. Discussion of confusion and use error associated with design following simulation
- 3. Brainstorming session of novel solutions with BME students and Medical Learners in mixed groups of 3-4 (Figure 2)
- 4. Presentation of redesigns and takeaway lessons (Figure 3)

Qualitative Assessment of Experience

- Retrospective survey
- Focus Group with 11 participants





THE MEDICAL DEVICE SANDBOXE **A Creative Learning Experience for Engineering Students** and Medical Learners

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OBJECTIVE

Improved understanding of medical device uses Better ability to identify possible use errors and design flaws Effective prototyping of re-designs that address use error Stimulated creativity process and ability to innovate solution Enhanced understanding of clinical or technical perspectives More positive attitude towards interprofessional teams



FUNDING

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Figure 4-6: Biomedical Engineering and Medical student performing usability tests of medical devices (AED shown below) and re-designing devices after identifying use error both on paper sketches and physical low-quality materials

CONTACT INFORMATION

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Better understanding o patient safety issues in the 60% 27% 13% design of medical devices Increased ability to design usability tests for medical 54% 33% 13% device prototypes Figure 8:Students' perceived gains in ability and understanding of medical device design factors. **NEXT STEPS** Preliminary Data on student perceptions and experiences indicate that MDS is a promising program. This pilot study will lead into a larger study that will more assess student's learning rigorously outcomes. Next steps include post-student surveys, evaluations of students' creative process using the AAC&U VALUE rubric on creativity, and a comparative analysis of students' interdisciplinary attitudes by comparing those who participate in MDS versus to those who have not.

PRELIMINARY FINDINGS

Survey findings*: I have worked collaboratively with other professionals, including medical professional have worked collaboratibely with other 26.3% professionals, but only with other engineer This was my first experience working collaboratively with other professionals 10. Figure 7: Experience on interdisciplinary teams of participating engineering students. Perceived Change Average out of 5) Min Ma Disagree Neutral Agree ealistic expectations 6.25% 93.75% 0.00% reference working i 0.00% 11.76% 88.24% 3.94 3.94 0.00% 100.00% bility to listen to other' 93.75% 6.25% 3.88 statistics of students' responses Descriptive abilities and attitudes towards collaborative regarding interdisciplinary work after participating in MDS Strongly Agree Agree Increased ability to recognize user errors in the use of 40% 47% 13% medical devices

